



St Leo's and Southmead Catholic Nursery and Primary School

Geography Progression of Knowledge

Knowledge:

<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>	<u>Year 3</u>	<u>Year 4</u>	<u>Year 5</u>	<u>Year 6</u>
<p><u>Local area</u></p> <p>We all travel to different places (ie. school) in different ways (ie. cycling)</p> <p>We all have an address with a postcode and live near the city of Liverpool.</p> <p>Our school is in Whiston and the nearest city is Liverpool.</p> <p>Some of our local places include St Leos Church, Whiston train station and Whiston Village</p> <p>Places can be busy, quiet, loud, fun or boring.</p> <p>Maps show us where places are so we can find our way.</p> <p>When we get used to a place, we remember the map in our head.</p>	<p><u>Where in the world</u></p> <p>The local area is called Whiston. Whiston is a large village in Merseyside.</p> <p>Locate United Kingdom is on a world map.</p> <p>The United Kingdom consists of four countries: England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.</p> <p>The capital cities of England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland are London, Cardiff, Edinburgh and Belfast.</p> <p>Features and characteristics of countries within the United Kingdom.</p> <p>The United Kingdom has a mild climate</p> <p>The Earth has five oceans : Atlantic, Pacific, Arctic, Southern, Indian</p> <p>The world is made up of seven continents</p>	<p><u>Europe</u></p> <p>Locate Europe on a map (including the location of Russia)</p> <p>Identify and locate countries in Europe</p> <p>Identify European countries according to their features</p> <p>Know what a capital city is and be able to name 5 European capital cities — Paris, Madrid, London, Athens, Rome</p> <p>Compare 2 capital cities, similarities and differences in their human and physical features</p>	<p><u>River Ganges</u></p> <p>Locate the UK and India are on the world map</p> <p>The climate in India is hot compared to the UK</p> <p>Draw the river Ganges on a map of India</p> <p>The River Ganges has many uses for the people that live on its banks</p> <p>Human and physical features of the area around the river</p> <p>A river is made up of many different parts, ie. bed, meander.</p> <p>Different parts of the river are formed by the forces of nature</p>	<p><u>North America</u></p> <p>Locate North America on a world map</p> <p>The 23 countries of north America – N. America is 3rd largest continent</p> <p>Different climate zones within N. America – tropical to arctic and compare 2</p> <p>Physical and human features in N. America</p> <p>Capital cities of 5 countries of N. America</p> <p>Different parts of the world have different time zones</p> <p>Similarities and differences between Merseyside and a region of N. America.</p>	<p><u>The Mountain Environment</u></p> <p>Locate mountain ranges on the world map</p> <p>Mountain ranges on all 7 continents</p> <p>Highest mountain in the UK and the world</p> <p>Physical features of a mountain</p> <p>Different ways in which mountains are formed</p> <p>Climate zones are different at different heights, climate changes higher up the mountain</p>

'Nurture, Inspire, Succeed'



St Leo's and Southmead Catholic Nursery and Primary School

<u>On Safari</u>	<u>Australia</u>	<u>Rainforest</u>	<u>Liverpool</u>	<u>Brazil</u>	<u>Water Cycle</u>
There are 7 continents and 5 oceans of the world.	Australia is the one of the 7 continents of the world.	The rainforests are close to the equator	Locate Liverpool on a map of the UK and know where it is compared to Whiston.	Brazil is in the continent of South America	Water covers our planet and is essential to life.
Locate the continent of Africa and Kenya on a world map.	Australia is the 6th largest country by land area	The equator is a line around the middle of the earth	Liverpool is the 3 rd biggest city in terms of population in the UK	Surrounded by countries, bordering ocean and the capital city is Brazil	The water cycle
Know that equatorial countries are hotter than those near the poles.	Australia has 6 states and two territories	The rainforests have a tropical climate	Liverpool has many human and physical features: The River Mersey, The 2 cathedrals, The Liver Buildings, The Albert Dock, The Tate Art Gallery, 2 football clubs	Brazil is the 5th largest country in the world.	We need water and use it in everyday life
Describe what the climate in Kenya is like.	Canberra is the capital	There are different layers within a rainforest		The Amazon basin , Pantanal and Brazilian highlands are physical features of Brazil	The difference in water availability is very different across the world which can be see when comparing usage in the UK and Kenya.
Describe differences between the climate in Kenya and the UK.	Human and physical features on a map.	Life in the rainforest is very different to that in the UK	Human and physical features on a map	Opinions on features of the landscape of Brazil.	Water can be used for power to contribute to a sustainable future.
Identify some animals that live in Kenya.	The 6 physical features are: Mt Kosciuszko, the Murray River, the Great Victoria Desert, Lake Eyre, Ayers Rock	The Amazon Rainforest is in South America and has a river running through it	Liverpool is home to the Beatles and the museum at the Albert Dock.	Features of the rainforest	A local body of water.
Use directional language to describe where things are on a map.	90 Mile Beach (in Victoria).	The rainforests are under threat from the activities of people but there are many things that we can do to protect them		Understand the importance of the rainforest and all that it provides, recognise dangers that are faced by the rainforest.	
Use the four compass points to describe where things are on a map.	The weather and climate is different across Australia.			Urbanisation - why some people might move to urban areas	
Describe how to get from one place to another using compass points.	Darwin in the Northern Territory has a tropical climate. This means it has a wet and dry season.			Effects of urbanisation in Brazil	
Locate features on a map using compass points.	Hobart in Tasmania is the most southern city in Australia and is the closest city to Antarctica. It experiences mild temperatures and a winter and summer season.			Tourism is important in Brazil and Rio de Janiero	
Use appropriate vocab. to describe the physical geography of Kenya such as mountains, valleys, volcanoes, fields, towns,					

'Nurture, Inspire, Succeed'



St Leo's and Southmead Catholic Nursery and Primary School

<u>At the farm</u>	<u>Seas and coasts</u>	<u>Extreme earth</u>	<u>Earning a living</u>	<u>Coasts</u>	<u>Get me out of here</u>
<p>There are different types of farm for different purposes with different features.</p> <p>Farms are important.</p> <p>Farms are usually in rural as opposed to urban areas.</p> <p>Features of a farm are determined by their functions.</p> <p>The four compass points.</p> <p>The four seasons of the year are winter, spring, summer and autumn</p> <p>Different things happen on a farm during each of the seasons.</p> <p>There are differences in weather patterns throughout the year.</p> <p>Features of urban and rural areas and geographical features typical to towns and farms.</p>	<p>Seas are large bodies of salt water partly surrounded by land</p> <p>Seas are usually smaller in size than oceans</p> <p>Oceans are large bodies of salt water that surround continents</p> <p>The earth's 5 oceans are: Atlantic, Arctic, Pacific, Southern, Indian</p> <p>The 3 seas surrounding the UK are the North, Irish, Celtic</p> <p>The English Channel is a narrow piece of the Atlantic Ocean that separates England from France</p> <p>Coasts are pieces of land that meet a sea or an ocean</p> <p>Physical features are things that occur naturally like trees, rivers and mountains</p> <p>Human features are things that are created by humans like shops, playgrounds and houses</p> <p>Compass points</p>	<p>Under our feet the earth has different layers from the core to the outer crust</p> <p>Volcanoes are a vent in the earth's surface from which lava and gases pour during an eruption.</p> <p>Earthquakes happen when tectonic plates rub together, the movement forces waves of energy to come to the earth's surface. This causes tremors and shakes - and this is what causes earthquakes.</p> <p>Tsunamis are an earthquake that occurs at the bottom of the sea that can push water upwards and create massive waves.</p>	<p>Jobs and why they are important.</p> <p>Group jobs into sectors.</p> <p>Industries of the UK.</p> <p>How people earn a living in other parts of the world.</p> <p>Unemployment and its effects.</p> <p>Children around the world who help earn a living for their families</p>	<p>Locate coastal areas using maps</p> <p>Coastal areas are constantly changing, by coastal erosion and depositional landforms.</p> <p>Coastal erosion takes place and caves, stacks and arches are formed. Human activity can also cause erosion</p> <p>There are different strategies for coastal management with advantages and disadvantages of each</p> <p>Coastal management and strategies will affect people's lives, now and in the future</p> <p>There are different types of beaches - human and physical features</p> <p>Coastal holiday locations</p> <p>Changes in land use will affect people and the environment in different ways</p>	<p>Aerial view of school</p> <p>Human and physical features of local area and the reason why people settled here and why they continue to live here today</p> <p>Use of compass points and OS map to plan a route between 2 local points</p> <p>Photographs /paintings of local area</p> <p>Plan a trip to a European city and include cost and time</p> <p>Urban or rural school with features of locality</p>