

St Leo's and Southmead Catholic Nursery and Primary School

through songs and rhymes.

ity to understand new words.

ly and in writing.

French.

Skills

• Listen attentively to spoken language and show

understanding by joining in and responding.

• Explore the patterns and sounds of language

• Speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary,

• Appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in

• Broaden their vocabulary and develop their abil-

• Describe people, places, things and actions oral-

• Develop accurate pronunciation and intonation

• Present ideas and information orally.

so that others understand when they are read-

ing aloud or using familiar words and phrases.

phrases and basic language structures.

## Year Four

### French Knowledge Organiser

## Summer Term

# Le Carnaval des animaux (The Carnival of Animals)

#### **Concepts**

Children will know the names of the animals;

Children will be able to tell the time; They will know midi (midday) and minuit (midnight);

They will know the question-and-answers :

Quelle heure est-il? Il est ... Où habites-tu? and J'habite dans/en ...

The children will know the adjectives below and be able to describe the animals: grand, petit, fort, lent, rapide, féroce, timide, faible.

Children will know that the endings of adjectives change if they are in the masculine or feminine.

The children will know the sound 'oi' in words such as an revoir, noir, moi, la voiture, l'histoire, froid.

#### <u>Curriculum Links</u>

Literacy, geography, art and design, music, drama, PSHCE, compu-

Nurture, Inspire, Succeed



II est sept heures. Voici l'éléphant.

Il est minuit.

#### Amazing Activities

Listen to Le Carnaval des Animaux by Camille Saint-Saëns. (a French composer who was born

in Paris in 1835).
One of his works - Le
Carnaval des Animaux - is made up of
14 movements, each
one representing a
different animal.

#### Key Vocabulary

Où habites-tu? Where do you live? J'habite dans ... I live in ... je suis Lam petit(e) small grand(e) bia slow lent(e) fast rapide fort(e) strong faible weak féroce fierce timide shv Quelle heure est-il? What time is it? one o'clock, two o'clock, une heure, deux heures, trois heures, quatre heures. three o'clock, four o'clock five o'clock, six o'clock cing heures, six heures, seven o'clock, eight o'clock sept heures, huit heures, neuf heures, dix heures nine o'clock, ten o'clock Il est midi. It's midday.

It's midnight.

